

Problem 1.

For any propositions P and Q , write the truth tables for each of the propositions ' $P \Rightarrow Q$ ' and ' $\neg P \vee Q$ '. Are these two propositions (' $P \Rightarrow Q$ ' and ' $\neg P \vee Q$ ') equivalent?

Answer:

(You may use the back of this page if necessary.)

Problem 2. We define a integer m to be the *smallest* number if it is smaller (lesser) than any other *integer*.

- (a) Rewrite the sentence ' m is smaller than any other integer' in mathematical symbols using quantifiers if necessary.
- (b) Prove that there exists no such number via a proof by contradiction.

Answer:

(You may use the back of this page if necessary.)

Problem 3. Prove by induction that $\prod_{i=2}^n \left(1 - \frac{1}{i^2}\right) = \frac{n+1}{2n}$ for all $n \geq 2$.

Answer:

(You may use the back of this page if necessary.)

Problem 4. Define the function $f : \mathbb{N}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{N}^2$ by $f(n, m) = (n + m, n - m)$.

- (a) Prove that f is injective.
- (b) Is f bijective? If so, prove it. If not, explain why and provide a counter-example.

Answer:

(You may use the back of this page if necessary.)

Problem 5.

Let A, B and C . Prove that:

$$A \times (B \cup C) = (A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$$

Answer:

(You may use the back of this page if necessary.)

Problem 6.

Define the characteristic function of a set A as being the function such that:

$$\chi_A(x) = 0 \text{ if } x \notin A \text{ and } \chi_A(x) = 1 \text{ if } x \in A.$$

- (a) Prove that $\chi_A(x) = 1 - \chi_{A^c}(x)$ for any set A . A^c denotes the complement of the set A .
- (b) Prove that $\chi_{A \cap B}(x) = \chi_A(x)\chi_B(x)$ for any sets A and B .
- (c) Prove that $\chi_{A \cup B}(x) = \chi_A(x) + \chi_B(x) - \chi_A(x)\chi_B(x)$ for any sets A and B .

Answer:

(You may use the back of this page if necessary.)